## **ERRATUM**

Volume 98, Number 2 (1992), in the article "Synthesis and Characterization of a New Ternary Nitride,  $Ca_3VN_3$ ," by Deborah A. Vennos and F. J. DiSalvo, pages 318-322: The monoclinic cell and  $P2_1/m$  symmetry for  $Ca_3VN_3$  can be transformed to the orthorhombic space group Cmcm; thus, the structure should be given in the higher symmetry space group. The Cmcm cell (a = 8.544, b = 10.380, c = 5.064A) is derived from the monoclinic cell vectors (-101), (101), (010), and the origin is shifted to  $x = \frac{1}{2}$ . A table of coordinates follows.

Atom	Site	x	у	z
V	4 <i>c</i>	0	0.3028	0.25
N(A)	4 <i>c</i>	0	0.1270	0.25
N(B)	8 <i>g</i>	0.8079	0.3747	0.25
Ca(A)	4c	0	0.1085	0.75
Ca(B)	8g	0.2139	0.3841	0.75

The authors appreciate the correspondence from Professor Richard E. Marsh at the Beckman Institute at Caltech, who pointed out this error.